Vi-C5101
Network Camera

User Manual

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Regulatory Information

FCC Information

FCC compliance: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

FCC Conditions

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

EU Conformity Statement

CE This product and - if applicable - the supplied accessories too are marked with "CE" and comply therefore with the applicable harmonized European standards listed under the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC, the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC.

2002/96/EC (WEEE directive): Products marked with this symbol cannot be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste in the European Union. For proper recycling, return this product to your local supplier upon the purchase of equivalent new equipment, or dispose of it at designated collection points. For more information see: ww.recyclethis.info.

2006/66/EC (battery directive): This product contains a battery that cannot be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste in the European Union. See the product documentation for specific battery information. The battery is marked with this symbol, which may include lettering to indicate cadmium (Cd), lead (Pb), or mercury Hg). For proper recycling, return the battery to your supplier or to a designated collection point. For more information see: www.recyclethis.info.

Cautions:

1. Make sure the power supply voltage is correct before using the camera.
2. Do not drop the camera or subject it to physical shock.
3. Do not touch sensor modules with fingers. If cleaning is necessary, use a clean cloth with a bit of ethanol and wipe it gently. If the camera will not be used for an extended period of time, put on the lens cap to protect the sensor from dirt.
4. Do not aim the camera at the sun or extra bright places. A blooming or smear may occur otherwise (which is not a malfunction however), and affecting the endurance of sensor at the same time.
5. The sensor may be burned out by a laser beam, so when any laser equipment is being used, make sure that the surface of the sensor will not be exposed to the laser beam.
6. Do not place the camera in extremely hot or cold temperatures (the operating temperature should be between -10°C~+60°C, dusty or damp locations, and do not expose it to high electromagnetic radiation.
7. To avoid heat accumulation, good ventilation is required for a proper operating environment.
8. While shipping, the camera should be packed in its original packing, or packing of the same texture.
9. Regular part replacement: a few parts (e.g. electrolytic capacitor) of the equipment should be replaced regularly according to their average life time. The average time varies because of differences between operating environment and usage history, so regular checking is recommended for all users. Please contact with your dealer for more details.
10. Improper use or replacement of the battery may result in hazard of explosion. Replace with the same or equivalent type only. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions provided by the battery manufacturer.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1 Network Camera Connection 9

1.1 Cable Network..... 9

1.2 Wireless Network..... 9

1.3 Network Connection 10

Chapter 2 Network Access 11

2.1 Access over IE Browser..... 11

2.1.1 Live View 11

2.1.2 Parameters Configuration 13

2.1.3 Wireless Parameters Configuration..... 28

2.2 Access over Client Software 29

2.2.1 Live View 29

2.2.2 Camera Parameters Configuration 30

2.2.3 Wireless Parameter Configuration 34

Chapter 3 Access over Internet 35

3.1 Access network camera with static IP 35

3.2 Access network camera with dynamic IP 36

Appendix 1 SADP Introduction..... 40

Appendix 2 Port Map 42

Appendix 3 Pin Definition 44

Chapter 1 Network Camera Connection

1.1 Cable Network

Two methods can be used to connect between network camera and PC, shown as below:

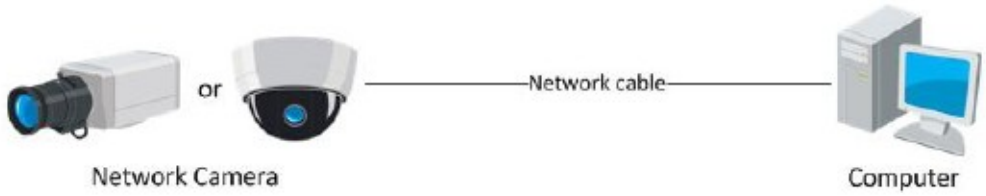


Figure 1.1.1 Cross Line Connection

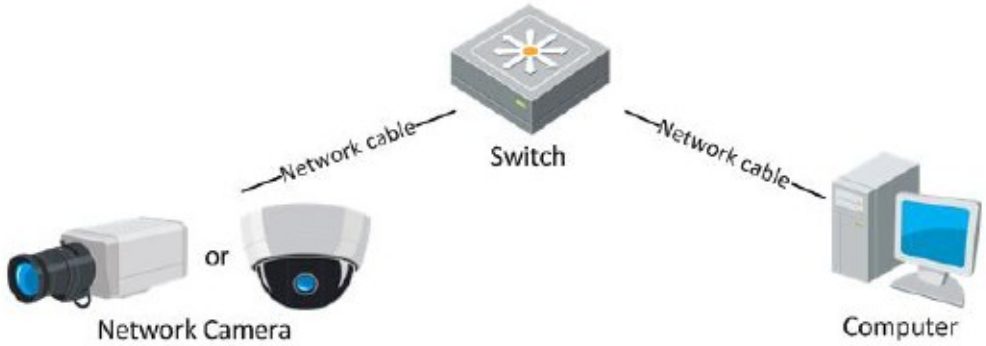


Figure 1.1.2 Direct Line Connection

1.2 Wireless Network

Note: This section is only for wireless network camera with mark '-W' in the model number.

Figure 1.2.1Point-to-point Communication Through Wireless Network

Figure 1.2.2 Communication Via Wireless Switching Equipment

1.3 Network Connection

Before visiting network camera over network, user should acquire its IP address first. SADP is a software tool which can automatically detect network device in the LAN and give the device's information like IP address, mask, port number, device serial number, software version, etc., as shown in Figure 1.3.1.

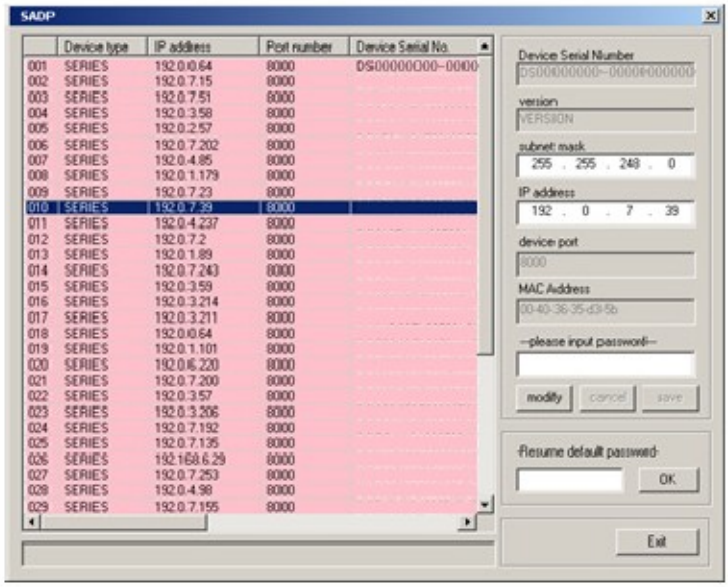


Figure 1.3.1

Select the device, and set its IP address and mask at the same network segment with the PC.
For the detailed introduction of SADP, please refer to Appendix 1.
Note:The network camera is set with the factory default IP address of "192.0.0.64", the port of "8000", the super user name of "admin" and the password of "12345".

Chapter 2 Network Access

After hardware installation, user can view live video and configure parameters for the network camera, including IP address, subnet mask and port number, etc. The following two methods can be used to access the camera:

1. View live video and configure parameters over IE browser.
2. View live video and configure parameters over client software.

2.1 Access over IE Browser

Before access to the camera over IE browser, user should adjust the security level.

Open the IE browser, and set the security level to *Medium* in Tools/InternetOptions/Security/Custom *Level*..., and enable or prompt Activex Control and Plug-in directly as well.

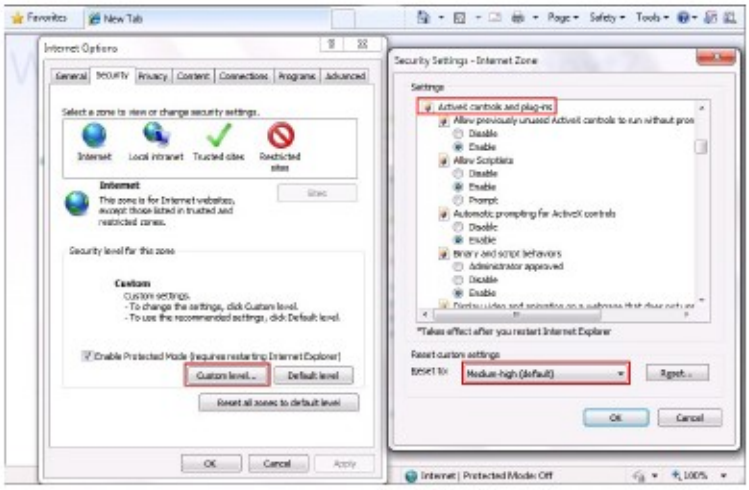


Figure 2.1.1 Adjust the Security Level

2.1.1 Live View

Step 1:Install Active-XControl
Type the IP address of the network camera and press *Enter,* then the ActiveX mention dialog will pop up.

Click *Install* to install the ActiveX control.

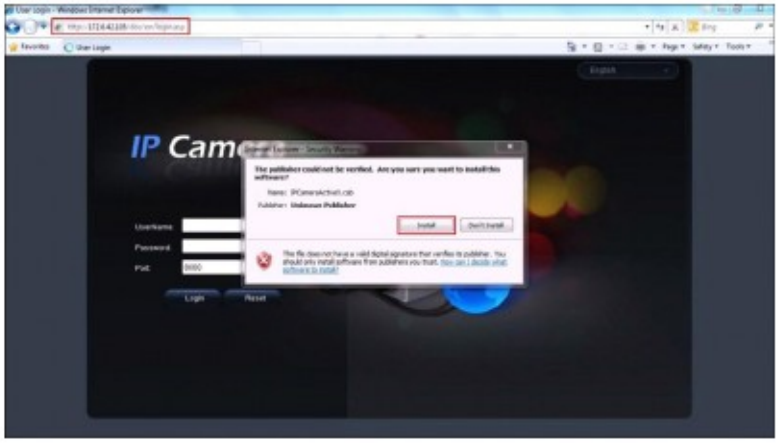


Figure 2.1.2 Install the ActiveX Control

Step 2:
Input the *Username* (default: admin), *Password* (default: 12345) and *Port* (default: 8000) of the camera, and then click [Login].

Figure2.1.3 Login Interface

Step 3: After successful login, user is allowed to view the live video. Refer to Figure 2.1.4.

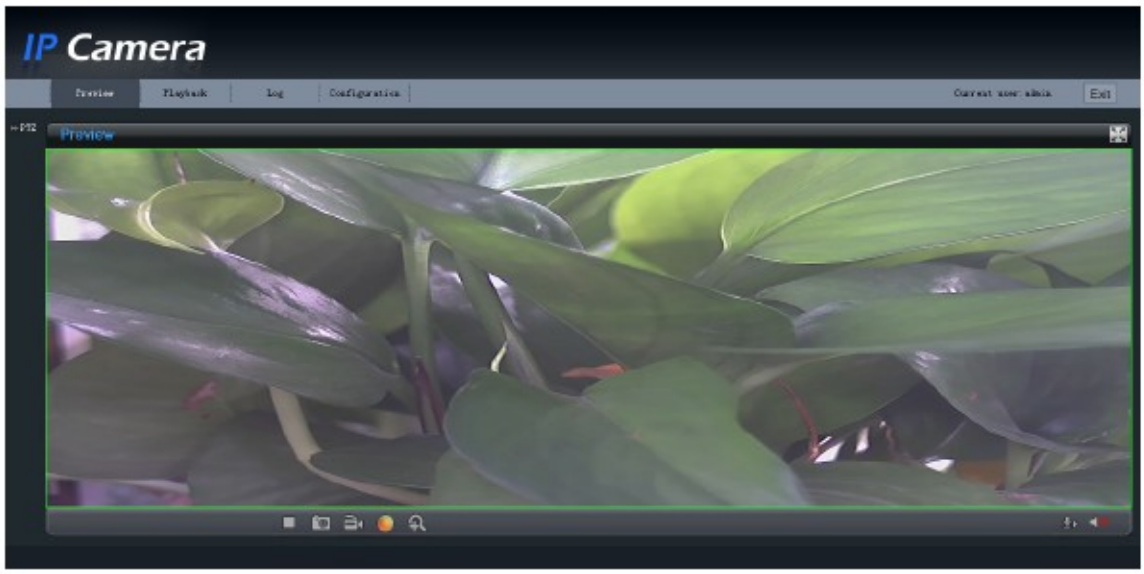


Figure2.1.4 Live View Page

Icons on Live View Page:

Icon	Description
	Full-screen display mode
	Exit full-screen display mode
	Start Preview
	Stop Preview
	Capture Picture
	Start/Stop Record
	Digital Zoom
	Video Parameters

Digital Zoom:
Click mouse in the desired position of live video image and scroll the mouse to realize zoom in and zoom out function.

Video Parameters:

Icon	Description
	Brightness: 0~100 configurable
	Contrast: 0~100 configurable
	Saturation: 0~100 configurable
	Hue: 0~100 configurable
	Gain: 0~100 configurable
	Exposure time: 0~40000 configurable
	Restore default

Note: This menu varies depending on different camera models.

Figure2.1.5 Video Parameters

2.1.2 Parameters Configuration

Click Configuration to enter the Parameters Configuration interface.

2.1.2.1 Local Configuration

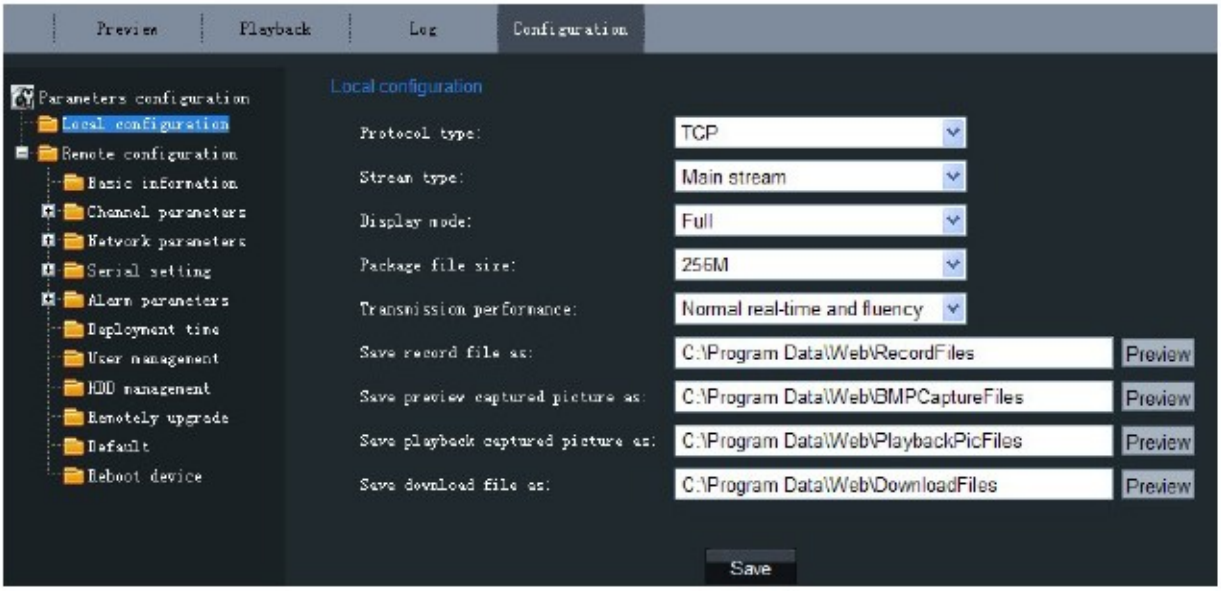


Figure2.1.6 Local Configuration

Local Configuration:

Parameters	Description
Protocol type	TCP and UDP selectable
Stream type	Main stream and Sub stream selectable
Display mode	Full screen, 4:3 mode, 16:9 mode or Adjustable to resolution
Package file size	128M, 256M, 512M selectable
Transmission performance	Shortest delay mode, Good real-time, Normal real-time and fluency and Good fluency selectable
Save record file as	The default directory for saving record files is C:\Program Data\Web\RecordFiles, which can be modified by user
Save preview captured picture as	The default directory for saving captured files is C:\Program Data\Web\BMPCaptureFiles, which can be modified by user
Save playback captured picture as	The default directory for saving captured files is C:\Program Data\Web\PlaybackPicFiles, which can be modified by user
Save download file as	The default directory for saving captured files is C:\Program Data\Web\DownloadFiles, which can be modified by user

2.1.2.2 Remote Configuration

Basic Information:
In the Basic Information settings interface, user is allowed to set the Device Name and Device ID, as well as view the information of IP camera, including Device Description, Device Location, MAC address, Device Type, Device SN, Firmware Version, and U-boot Version.

Figure2.1.7 Basic Information

Channel Parameters DisplaySetting:
According to different requirements, enable the display of *Date&Time* and *Week by clicking the checkbox.*
Different date formats can be selected.
There are two Time format: 24 hour and 12 hour.
The OSD Status can be set to transparent & flickering, transparent &unflickering, nontransparent & flickering, or nontransparent &unflickering.

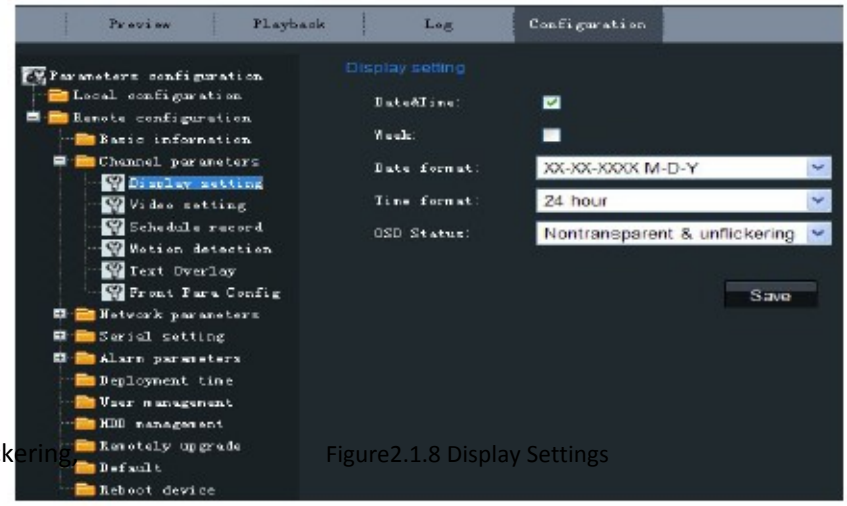


Figure2.1.8 Display Settings

Channel Parameters□Video Settings:

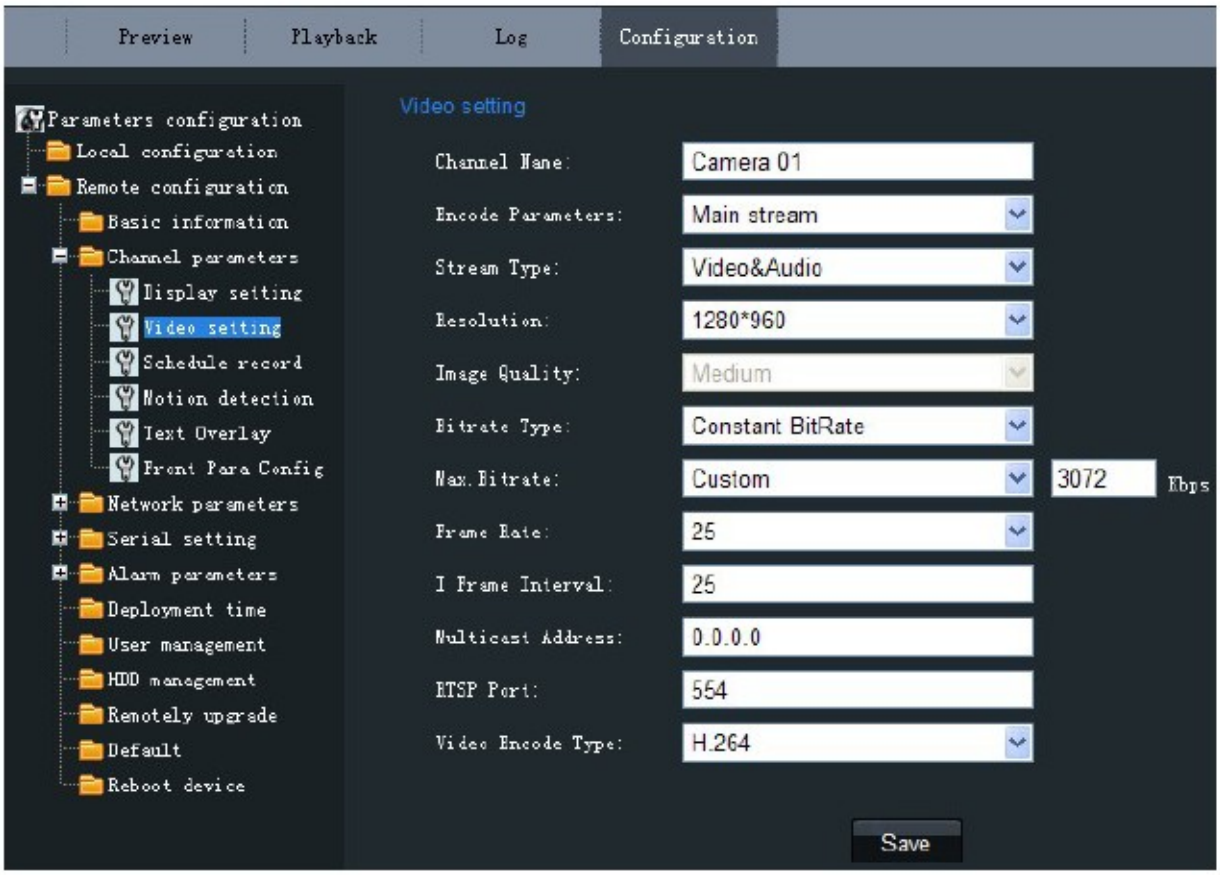
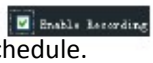


Figure2.1.9 Video Settings

Parameter	Description
Channel Name	Input the channel name for your need

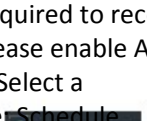
Encode Parameters	Main stream or Sub stream optional
Stream Type	Video&Audio or Video optional
Resolution	Select the resolution for your need
Image Quality	Highest, Higher, Medium, Low, Lower or Lowest optional
Bitrate Type	Constant bitrate or Variable bitrate optional
Max. Bitrate	Select or customize a bitrate according to the resolution
Frame Rate	Select the frame rate for your need
Multicast Address	Set the multicast address, with the default multicast of 0.0.0.0
RTSP Port	Set the RTSP port, with the default RTSP port of 554
Video Encode Type	Select the video encode type for your need

Channel Parameters Schedule Record:

Check the checkbox 

to enable recording schedule.

If video is required to record all day long, please enable All Day Recording . Select a Record Type: Schedule Recording, Motion Detection, Alarm Recording, Motion|Alarm, Motion&Alarm, Command.



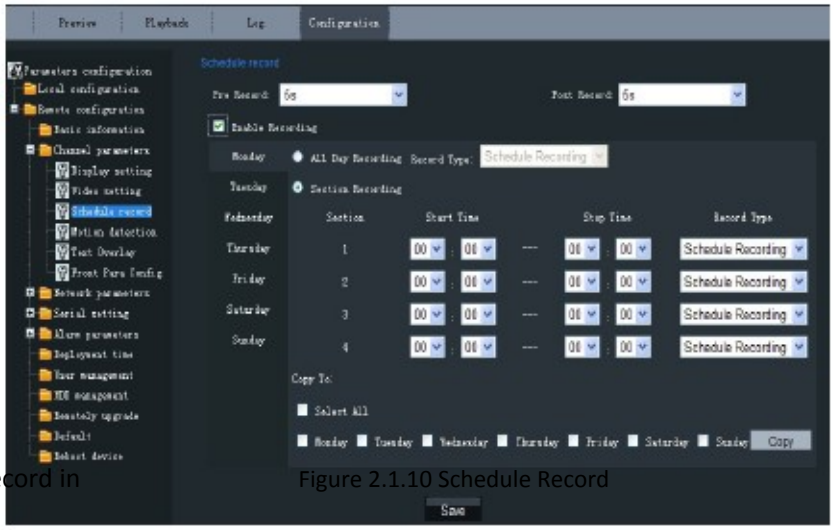


Figure 2.1.10 Schedule Record

If video is required to record in different time sections, select Section Recording and set the Start Time and End Time. There are up to 4 sections available.

Pre Record: "No PreRecord", "5 s", "10 s", "15 s", "20 s", "25 s", "30 s" optional.

Post Record: "5 s", "10 s", "30 s", "1 min", "2 min", "5 min", "10 min" optional.

Select the checkboxes below "Copy To:" to copy this day's settings to whole week or some days in one week.

Note: The time of each segment can't be overlapped.

Channel Parameters□Motion Detection Setting:
Select the checkbox of *Enable motion detection to enable this* function.
Zone Settings:
Click Start draw button to draw motion detection zone by clicking and dragging the mouse in the live video image. User is allowed to draw multiple motion detection zones in the same picture.

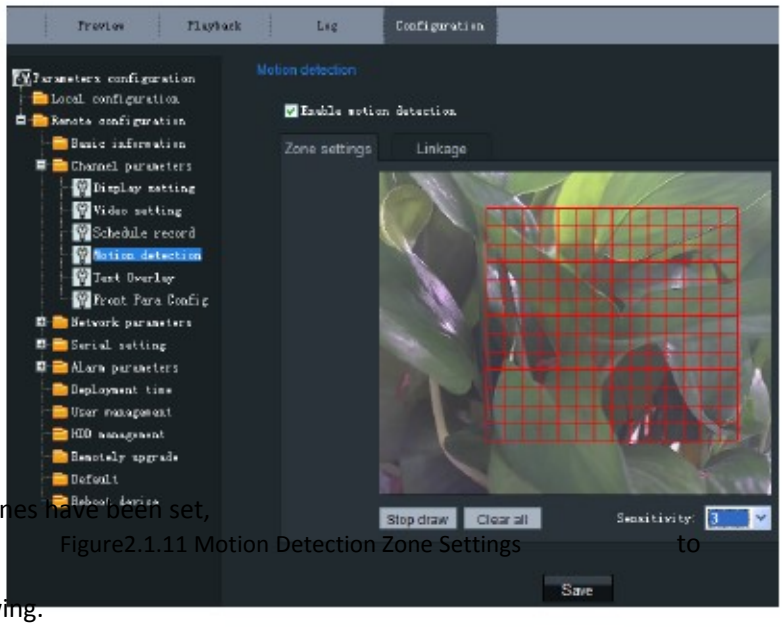


Figure2.1.11 Motion Detection Zone Settings

When all zones have been set, click *Stop draw* to finish drawing.

Sensitivity:
The sensitivity level can be set to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. When it is set to 0, the sensitivity is disabled.
Linkage:
The Linkage method can be selected to either *Email link, Trigger recording* or *Trigger alarm output.*
Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.

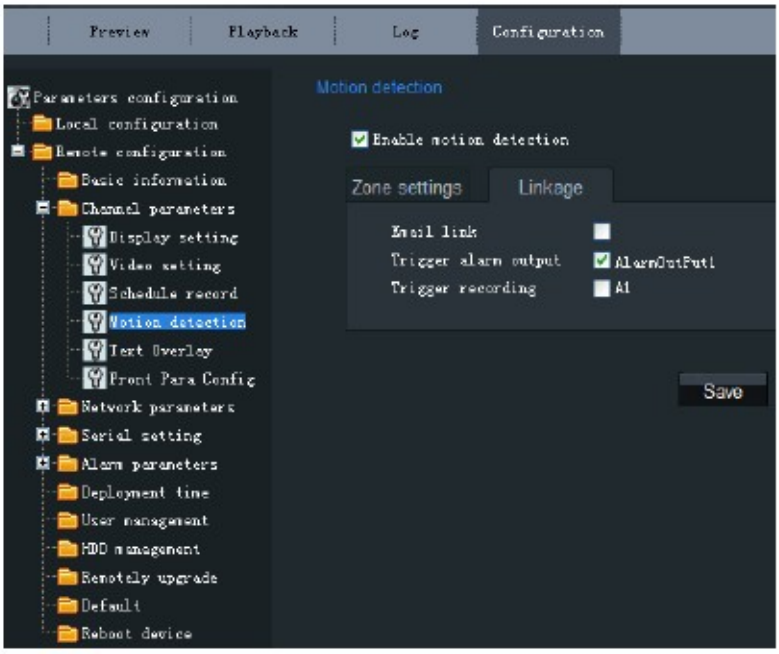


Figure2.1.12 Motion Detection Linkage Settings

Channel Parameters→Text Overlay Setting:

Input the characters in the Text *Information box and define the* OSD location in the image by setting the *XPosition* and *YPosition,* and then select the checkbox of *OSD Text.* After clicking *Save* to finish the settings, the defined title will be displayed on the image.

Note: The values of XPosition and YPositon are relative to the upper left corner origin of the image.

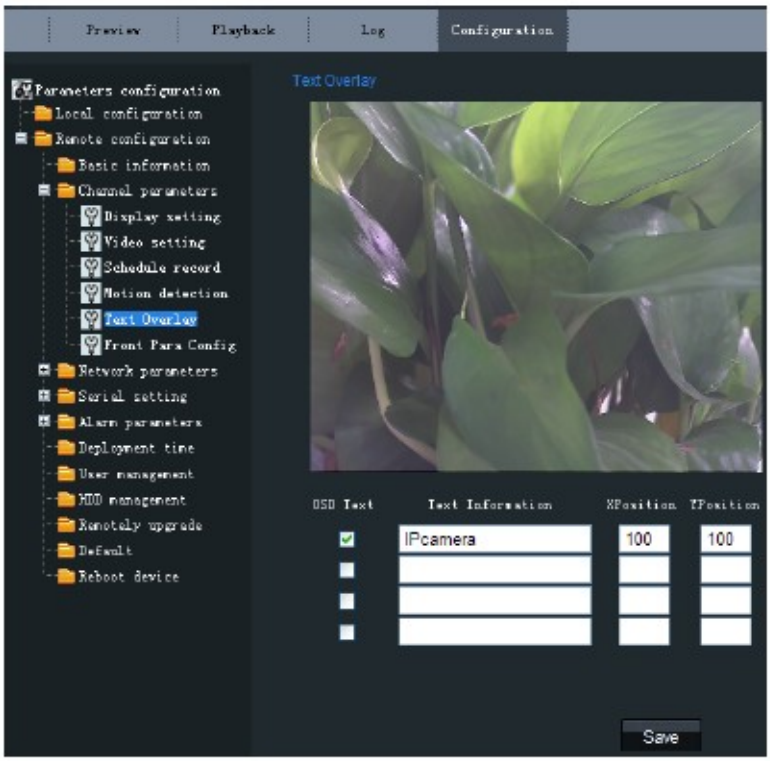


Figure2.1.13Text Overlay Settings

Channel Parameters→Front Para Config:

In this page, user can adjust the parameters like brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness, etc.

Shutter:

User can set the shutter time according to the different camera models.

IrisMode:

There are two modes: *IrisFirst* and manual optional.

Power Mode:

There are two modes: 50Hz and *60Hz optional.*

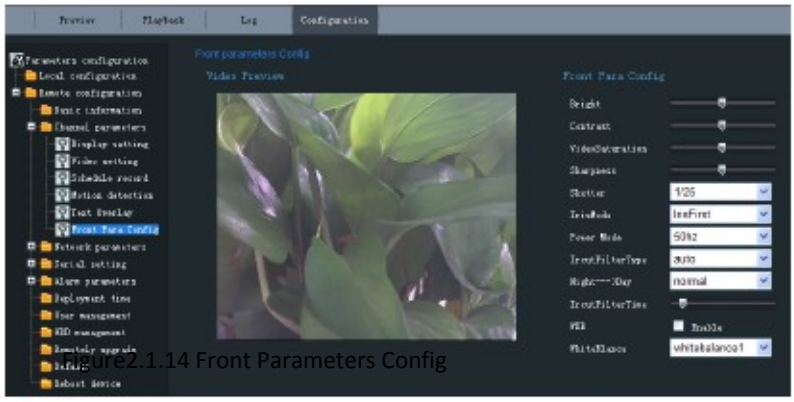


Figure2.1.14 Front Parameters Config

Network Parameters→Network Setting:
Set the NIC Type, IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway and DNS Server of the network camera.
Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.
Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

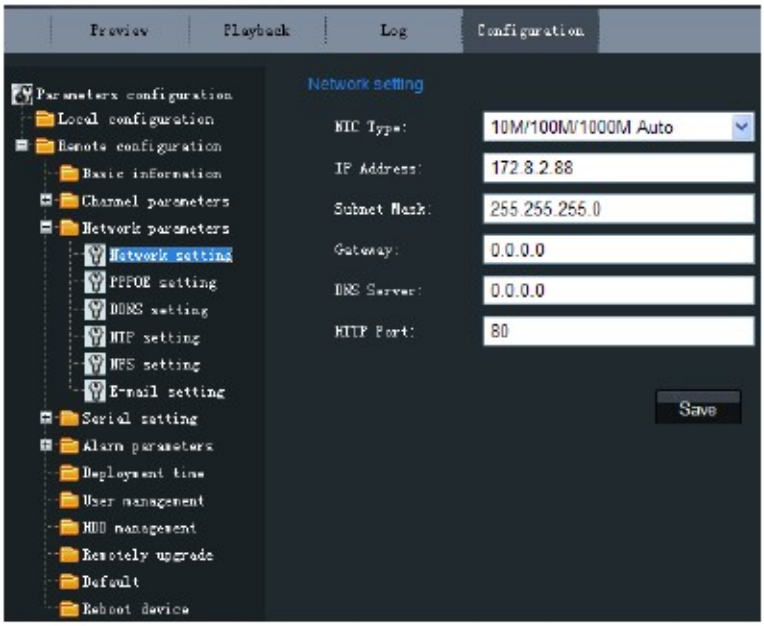


Figure2.1.15 Network Settings

Network Parameters→PPPOE Setting:
Click the checkbox of *Enable PPPOE* to enable this function.
Input the PPPOE user name and password in the text box and then click *Save* to finish settings. After reboot, the camera will obtain a public IP address.
Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.
Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

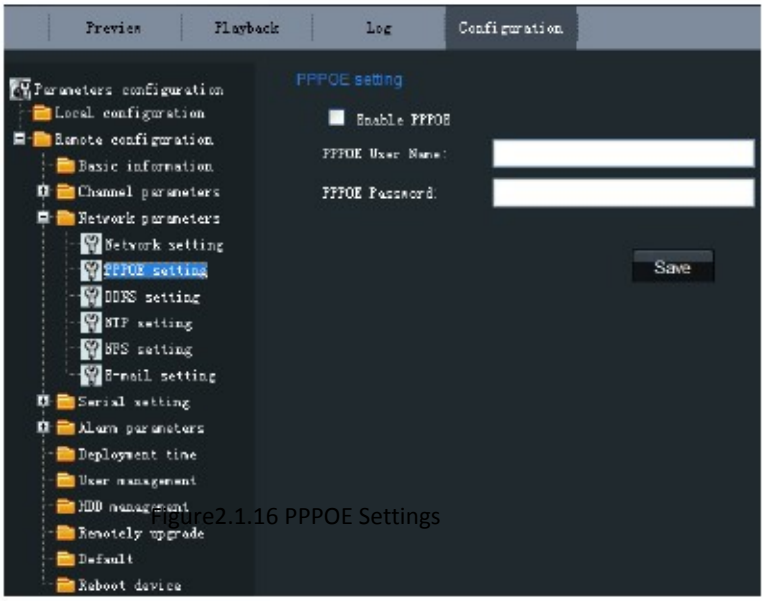


Figure2.1.16 PPPOE Settings

Network Parameters□DDNS Setting:

Click the checkbox of *Enable DDNS to enable this function.*

The protocol type can be set to DynDNS or IPServer.

Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.

Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

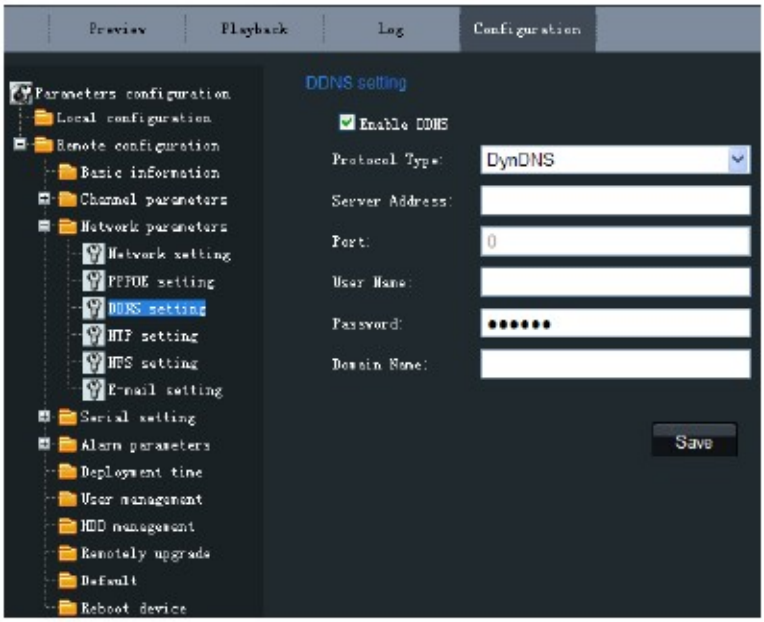


Figure2.1.17DDNS Settings

If the protocol type is selected to DynDNS, please input the *Server Address,* e.g., members.dyndns. org.

The *User Name* and *Password* refer to the user name and password registered in the DynDNS website.

The Device Name refers to the domain name applied in the DynDNS website.

Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.

Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

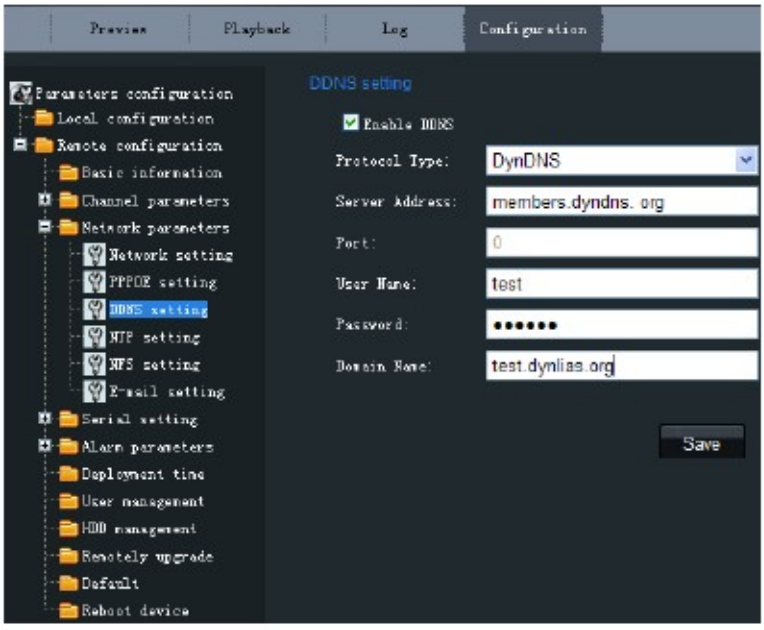


Figure2.1.18DynDNS Settings

If the protocol type is selected to IPServer, please input the *Server Address of the IPServer.*
Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.
Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

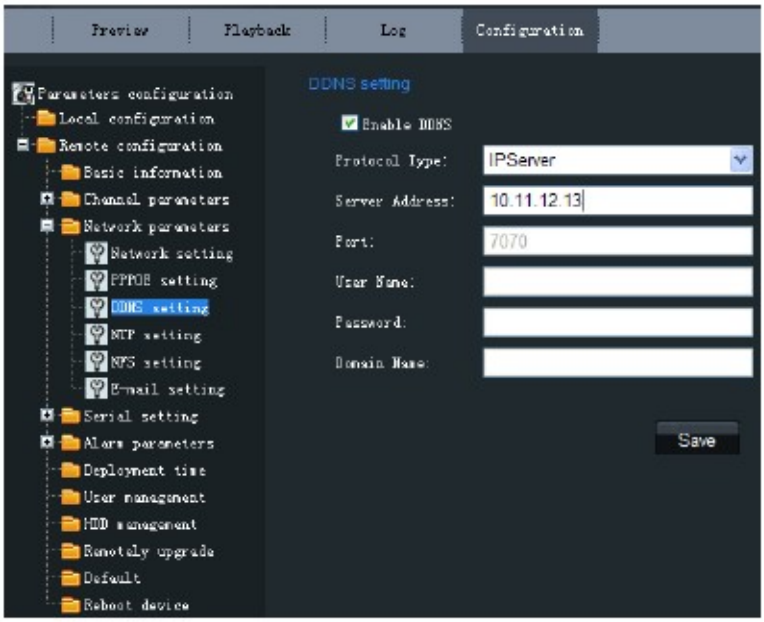


Figure2.1.19IPServer Settings

Network Parameters□NTP Setting:
Click the checkbox of *Enable NTP* to enable this function.
Input the *Server Address* and *Port of NTP.*
If the public network is applied, please input the NTP *Server Address* with provision of time sync service, e.g., 210.72.145.44.
In the private network is applied, the NTP software can be used to establish NTP server to achieve time synchronization.

Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.
Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

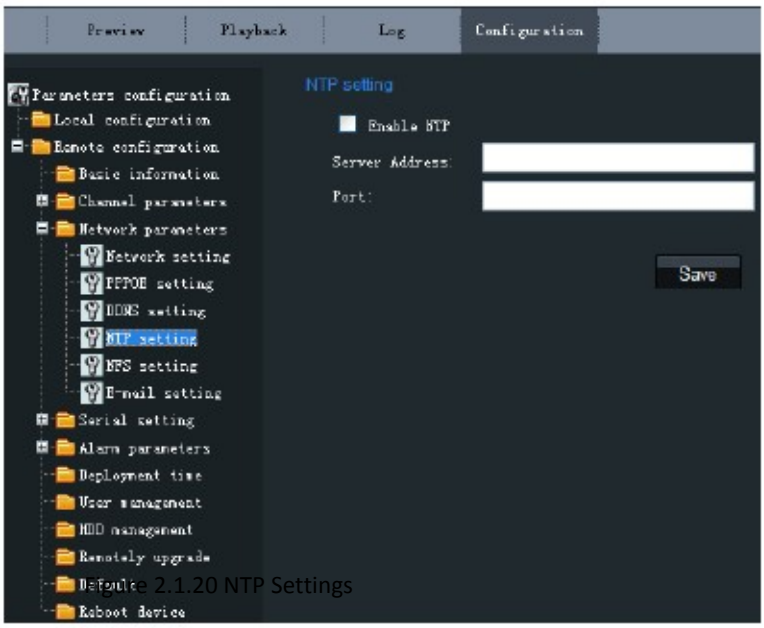


Figure 2.1.20 NTP Settings

Network Parameters□NFS Setting:

The video files can be saved to network hard disk sever via the network after the NFS setting.

In the *NFS setting* page, input the IP address of network hard disk sever into *Sever IP Address,* input the directory into File Path for saving record files. Then click “Save” to save the parameters.

Note: Please make sure that your camera supports network storage before using this function.

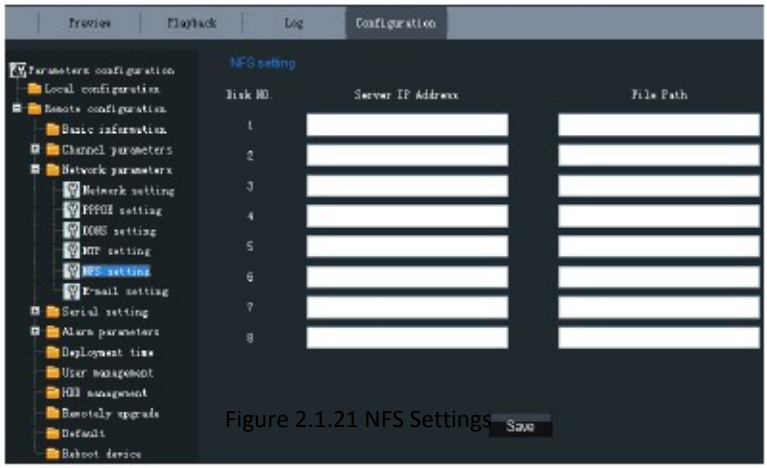


Figure 2.1.21 NFS Settings

Network Parameters□E-mail Setting:

Through E-mail settings, the alarm message can be sent to the designated E-mail address when alarm event occurs.

Input the SMTP server, SMTP port, user name, password, E-mail sender and receiver.

Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.

Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

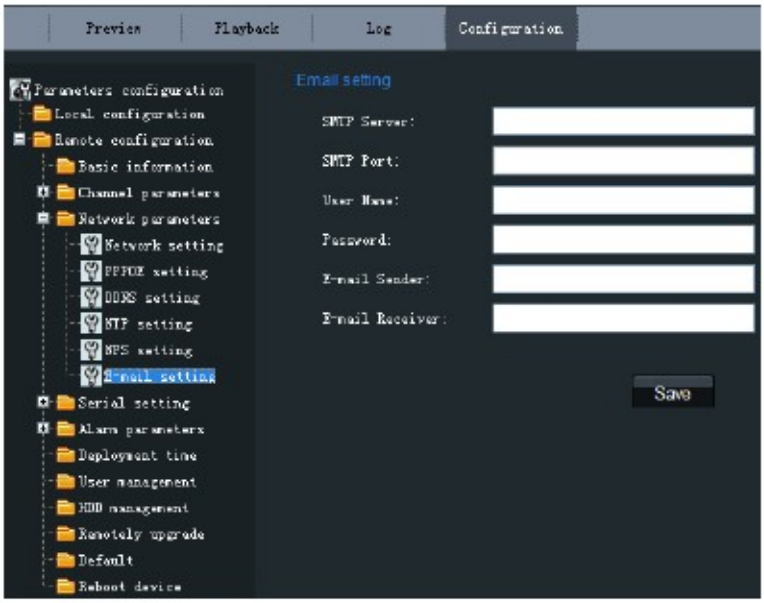


Figure2.1.22 E-mail Settings

Serial Setting□RS232/RS485 Setting:

The RS232/RS485 interfaces parameters can be configured in this page.

Bits per second: There are eight options from 2400 to 115.2K.

Data Bits: There are four options: 5, 6, 7, 8.

Stop Bits: There are three options: 1, 1.5, 2.

Parity: There are three options: None, Odd, Even.

Then click “Save” to save the parameters.

Figure2.1.23 RS232 Setting

Figure2.1.24 RS485 Setting

Alarm Parameters□Alarm Input Setting:

Set the type of *Relay Status* to NC or NO.

Note: Please reboot the network camera to validate the modified parameters.

The *Linkage* can be selected to *E-mail link, Trigger alarm output or Trigger recording.*

Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.

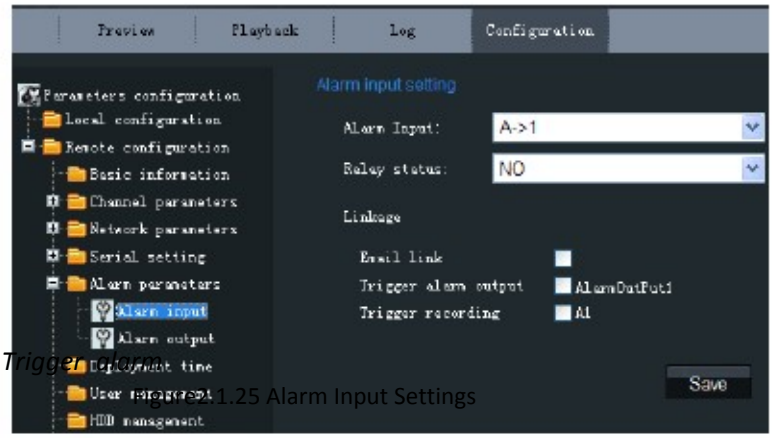


Figure2.1.25 Alarm Input Settings

Alarm Parameters□Alarm Output Setting:

The *Output Delay* refers to the length of time that the relay remains in effect after alarm occurs. The output delay time can be set to *5sec, 10sec, 30sec, 1min, 2min, 5min, 10min* or Manual (manually disable).

Figure2.1.26 Alarm Output Delay Settings

Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.

Alarm Deployment Time:

The *Deployment time* can be set to several days a week or to all week, with only four period configurable for each day.

Note: The alarm deployment time setting is valid only when the camera has already been configured with the motion detection, alarm input and alarm output functions.

Click "Save" button to save the modified parameters.

Settings

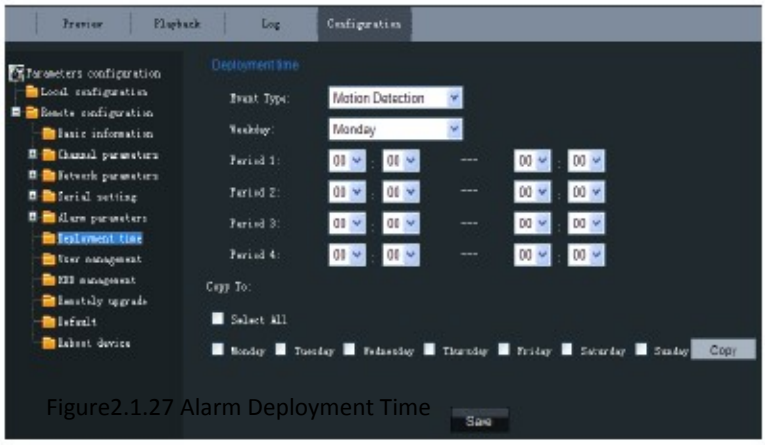


Figure2.1.27 Alarm Deployment Time

User Management:

Figure 2.1.28 User Management

When the current login user is admin, it is allowed to create other users. Up to 15 users can be

created. Refer to Figure 2.1.28.

Add User:
Click *Add* to enter the settings interface as shown in Figure 2.1.29. Input the user name, password, IP address, MAC address, and then select user type. Finally, click OK to finish the user addition.

Figure 2.1.29 Add User

Modify User:
Click *Modify* to enter the settings interface as shown in Figure 2.1.30.
It is allowed to modify the user name, password, IP address, MAC address, and then select user type. Finally, click OK to finish the user modification.
Note: Only the password of the user admin can be modified.

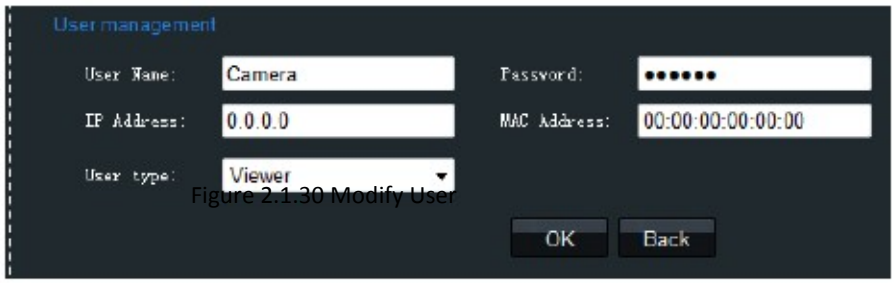


Figure 2.1.30 Modify User

HDD management

Figure 2.1.31 HDD management

In this page, user is allowed to view the hard disks' No., capacity, remaining memory and working status, as well as format the hard disks.

Item	Description
HDD No.	Hard disk's serial number.
Capacity(MB)	Hard disk's total capacity.
Free Space(MB)	The remaining memory of the hard disks.
Status	The working status of the hard disks.
Format	Select the hard disk you want to format and press this button.

HDD formatting status	The formatting progress of the hard disk.

Remote Upgrade:
Click *Browse* to select the local update file and then click *Updade* to finish remote upgrade.

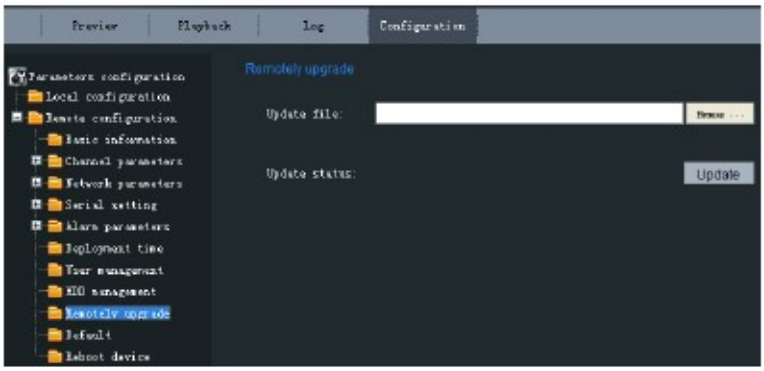


Figure 2.1.32 Remote Upgrade

Restore Default:
Select *Full Mode* or *Basic Mode to restore the default* settings.
Note:
The *Full Mode* refers to restore all parameters to the factory default settings.
The *Basic Mode* refers to restore the parameters to factory default settings except IP address, subnet

mask, gateway and port.

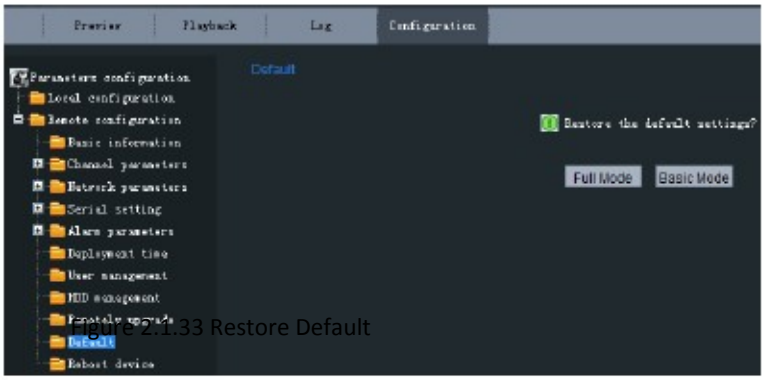


Figure 2.1.33 Restore Default

Reboot Device:
Click *OK* to reboot the network camera.

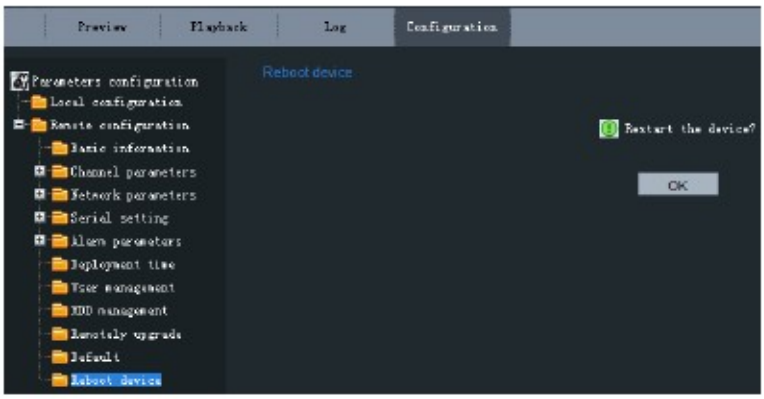


Figure 2.1.34 Reboot Device

2.1.2.3 Advanced Configuration

Note: This chapter is applicable to professional configuration.

1:Input the IP address of the network camera and "config" (Such as http://172.6.42.105/config), and then click [Enter].

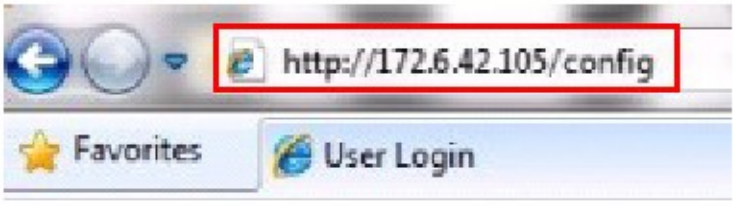


Figure 2.1.35

2:Input the *Username* (default: admin), *Password* (default: 12345) and *Port* (default: 8000) of the camera, and then click [Login].

Figure 2.1.36

3:The "Remote config" dialog will pop up, which has more advanced settings.

Figure 2.1.37

Please refer to "Client Software-4000(v2.0)_ENG.pdf" for a more detailed parameters configuration.

You can find the document in the PC Operating System after the installation of client software 4000 v. 2.0 by selecting "Start"-> "All Programs"-> "client software 4000 v. 2.0".

2.1.3 Wireless Parameters Configuration

Note:This section is only for wireless network camera with mark '-W' in the model number.

Before configuring the wireless network camera, please set the wireless router first. For more details about wireless router configuration, please refer to the wireless router configuration instructions.

There are two network interface cards in the camera: wired network interface card and wireless network interface card.The factory default settings of wired network interface card are IP address: 192.0.0.64, port number: 8000, superuser: admin, superuser password: 12345, while the default IP address of wireless network interface card is 192.168.1.64. Before accessing to the wireless network camera through wireless network, use the wired Ethernet port of the wireless network camera to configure parameters of wireless network interface card. The configuration steps are the same way as section 1.3.

If users want to configure the wireless parameters through IE browser, enter the remote parameter settings interface first. Refer to section '2.1.2.3 Advanced Configuration' for more detailed settings. After entering the remote parameter settings interface, select "WiFi parameters"-> "WiFi Settings" to enter the WiFi settings interface, as shown in figure 2.1.38.

Figure 2.1.38 WiFi Settings Interface

In the WiFi settings interface, if user select Ad-Hoc mode as the operating mode, please set the PC's wireless IP address in the same network segment as the IP address of wireless network camera. Select "View Wireless Networks" in the computer's "Wireless Network Connection". Find the device which has the same name as the SSID number of the wireless camera. Then point-to-point communication through wireless network is established successfully. So, there is no need to use an Access Point (AP) between the PC and wireless network camera.

If users need to enable encryption, select the appropriate encryption type and set the corresponding encryption parameters.

In the remote parameter settings interface, select "WiFi parameters"-> "Wlan Settings" to enter the Wlan settings interface, as shown in Figure 2.1.39.

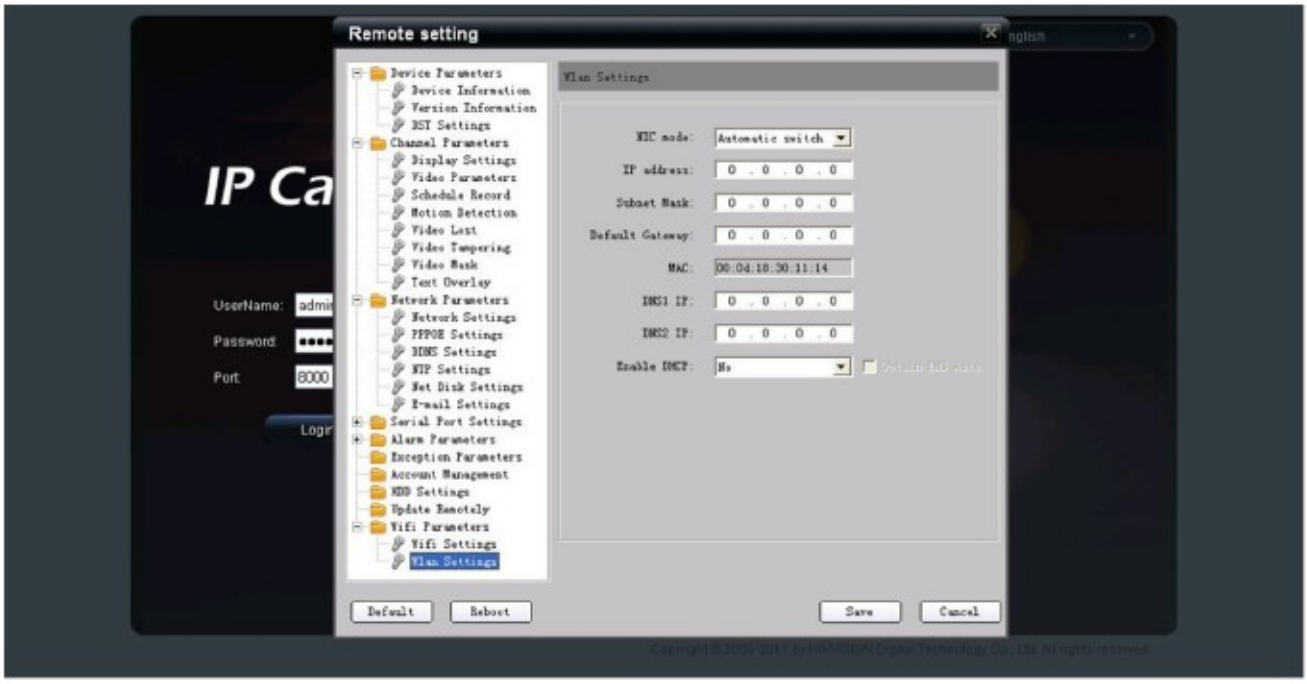


Figure 2.1.39Wlan Settings Interface

In the "Wlan settings" interface, user can set the wireless network camera's parameters like wireless IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS server address, etc. Unplug the network cable from wireless network camera. The wireless network camera now can be accessed through wireless network after the related network parameters have been set. The way that accesses to wireless network camera through wireless network is similar to cable network. Refer to section 2.1.

2.2 Access over Client Software

Please refer to “iVMS-4000(v2.0) introductor.pdf” for detailed client software installation. You can find the document in the PC Operating System after the installation of client software 4000 v. 2.0 by selecting “Start”-> “All Programs”-> “iVMS 4000(v. 2.0)” -> “iVMS 4000(v. 2.0)”.

2.2.1 Live View

Right click to add devices in the setup interface of client software. Please refer to “iVMS-4000(v2.0) introductor.pdf” for more detailed device added process. You can find the document in the PC

Operating System after the installation of client software 4000 v. 2.0 by selecting “Start”-> “All Programs”-> “iVMS 4000(v. 2.0)” -> “iVMS 4000(v. 2.0)”.
Click Preview, and then double click the device name in the left tree to view the live video. Refer to Figure 2.2.1.

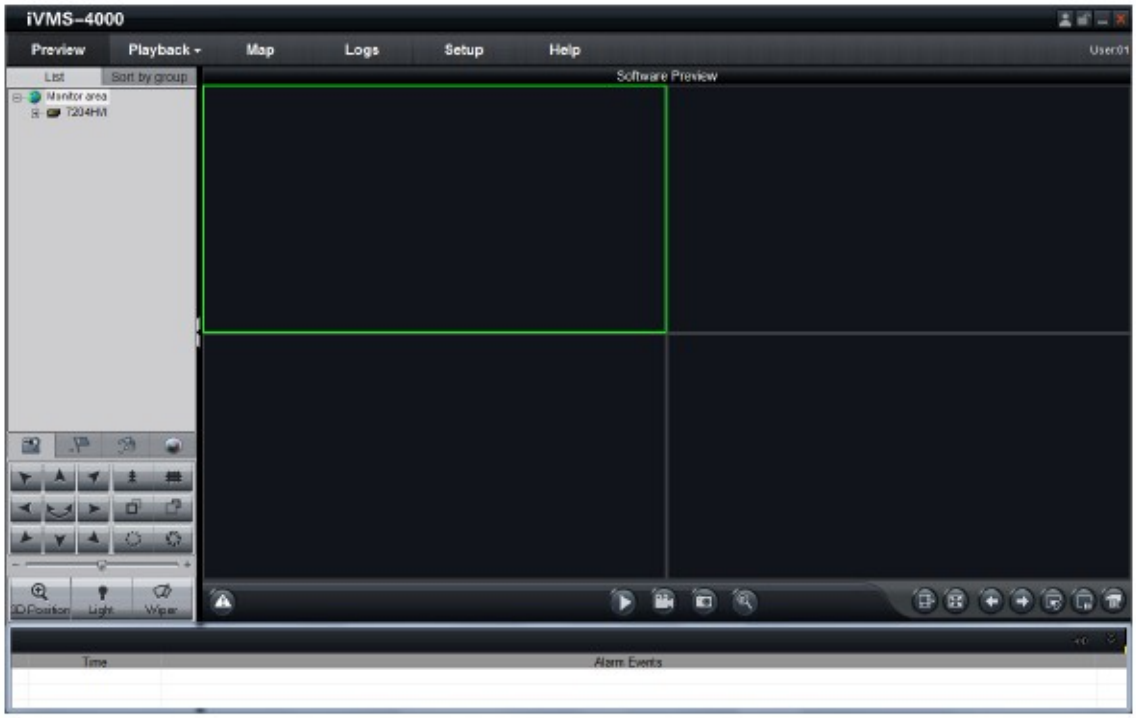


Figure 2.2.1 Preview

Please refer to “iVMS-4000(v2.0) introductor.pdf” for more detailed parameters configuration. You can find the document in the PC Operating System after the installation of client software 4000 v. 2.0 by selecting “Start”-> “All Programs”-> “iVMS 4000(v. 2.0)” -> “iVMS 4000(v. 2.0)”.

2.2.2 Camera Parameters Configuration

Note:
Different types of network cameras maybe have different configuration parameters in the interface of “Config Sensor Parameters”. This section takes a type of network camera for example to introduce configuration parameters in the interface of “Config Sensor Parameters”. If the information in the actual interface of “Config Sensor Parameters” is not different from the information shown in this section, then subject to the actual interface information.

For viewing better image, you can set the parameters of the camera, and operate as following:

Step 1:
Right click in the preview window, and click [ConfigSensor Parameters…], then the [ConfigSensor Parameters…] box will pop up.

Figure 2.2.2 Sensor Parameters

Step 2: Video Parameters Configuration
Adjust the value of “Brightness”, “Contrast”, “Saturation”, “Hue”, “Sharpness” and “Gain”for your need, which can be set from 1 to 100.

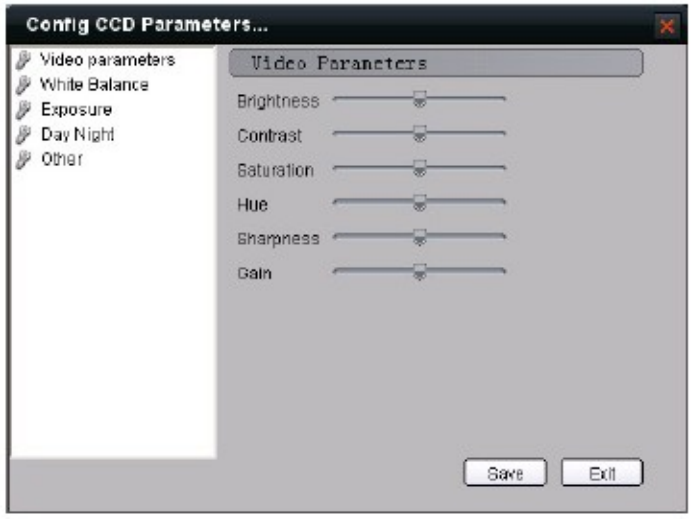


Figure 2.2.3 Video Parameters

Step 3: White Balance Configuration
Select the mode to *Auto1* or *Off for yourneed.*

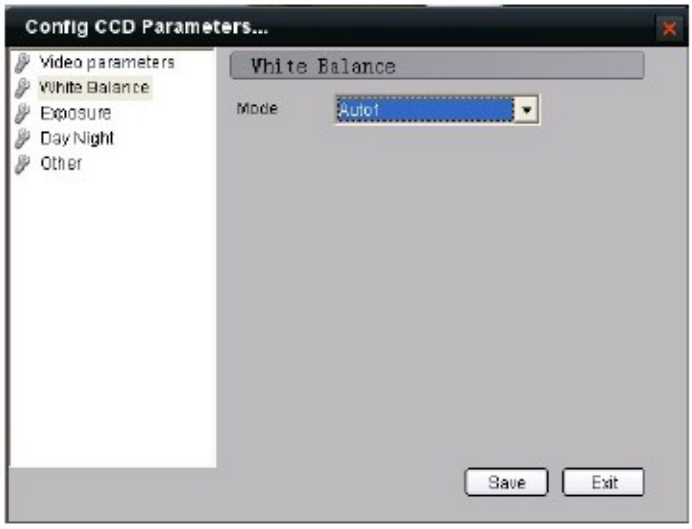


Figure 2.2.4 White Balance

Step 4: Exposure Configuration
Select “Exposure time” and “Iris mode”for your need.

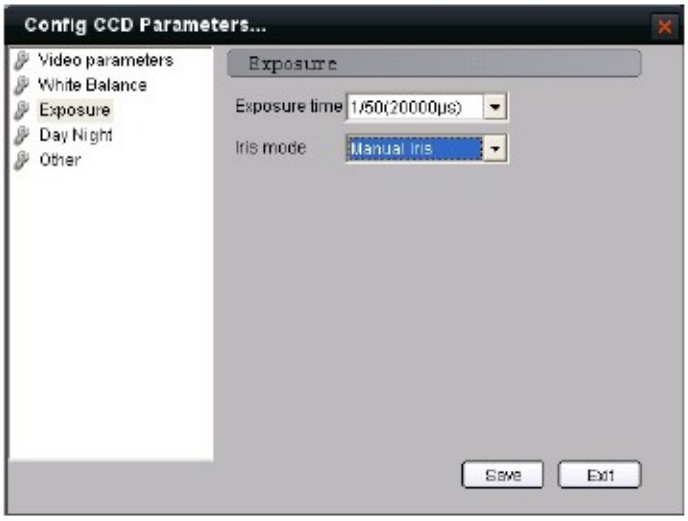


Figure 2.2.5 Exposure

Step 5: Day/Night Mode Configuration
Select “Day”, “Night” or “Auto” modein *Mode and adjust the value of “Day->Night”,* “Night->Day”, and “Filter time” for yourneed.

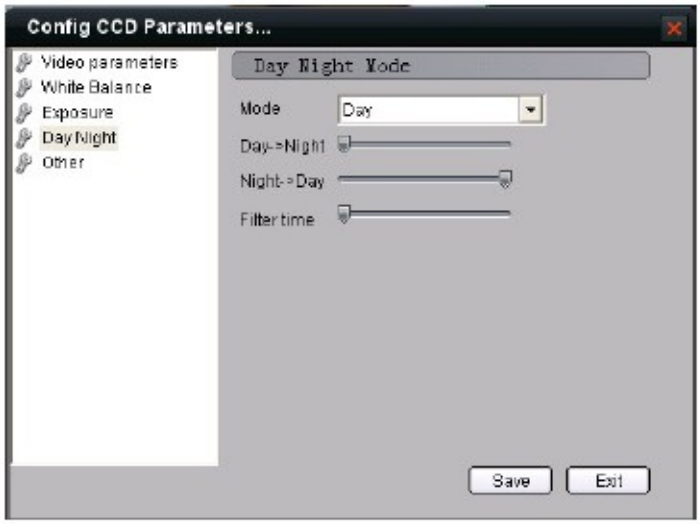


Figure 2.2.6 Day/ Night Mode

Step 6:DigitalNoise Reduction
Note: Not all of the models have this feature.
There are three modes selectable: Close, Normal Mode, Experts Mode.
The Level can be adjusted from 0 to 100 to enhance the DNR effect.

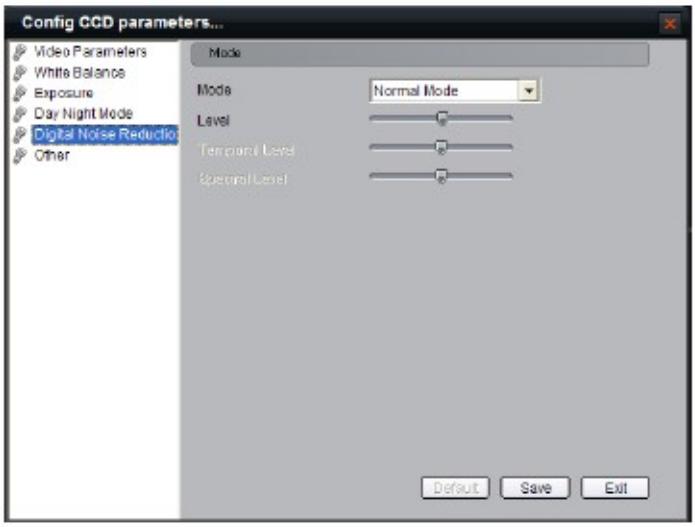


Figure 2.2.7 Digital Noise Reduction

Step 7: BLC Configuration

Note: Not all of the models have this feature.

" Mode" can be set to " Up" ," Down" , "Left", "Right", "Center" and "Off".

The "Level" can be adjusted from 0 to 15 to enhance the back light compensation level.

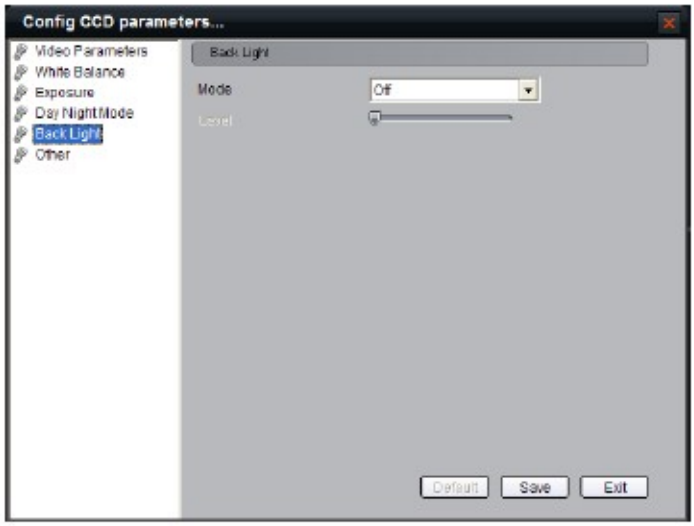


Figure 2.2.8BLC

Step 8: WDR Configuration

Note: Not all of the models have this feature.

"WDR" can be set to "Enable" or "Disable".

The "Level" 1 can be adjusted from 0 to 15 to enhance the background dynamic level.
The "Level" 2 can be adjusted from 0 to 15 to enhance the background dynamic level.

"Contrast" is from 0-100 selectable.

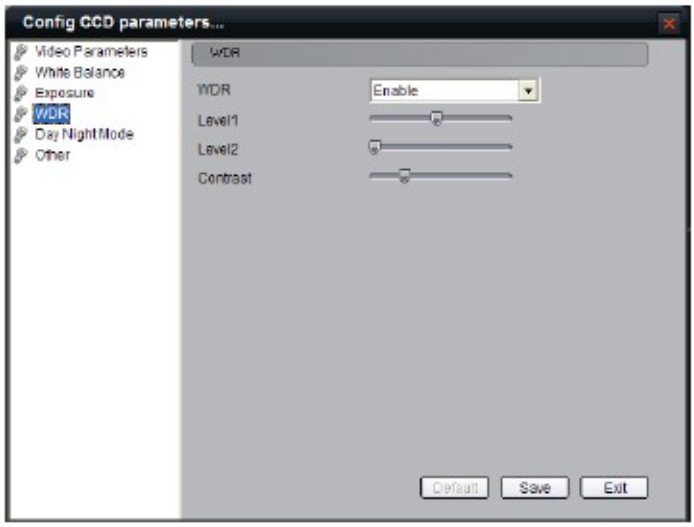


Figure 2.2.9WDR

Step 9: Other Parameters Configuration

Select the value of "Power Line", "Mirror", "E-PTZ" and "Local Output".

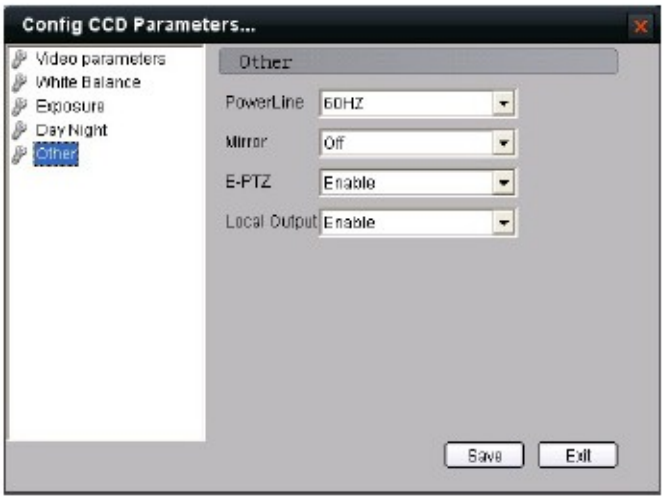


Figure 2.2.10 Other Parameters

2.2.3 Wireless Parameter Configuration

Note: This section is only for wireless network camera with mark '-W' in the model number.

Click “setup” in the client software to enter the devices management interface. Right click the device that needs to be configured, select “Remote Configuration” to enter the remote configuration interface.
The way to configure the parameters in the client software is the same as the way in IE browser. Please refer to section 2.1.3 for more detailed parameters configuration.

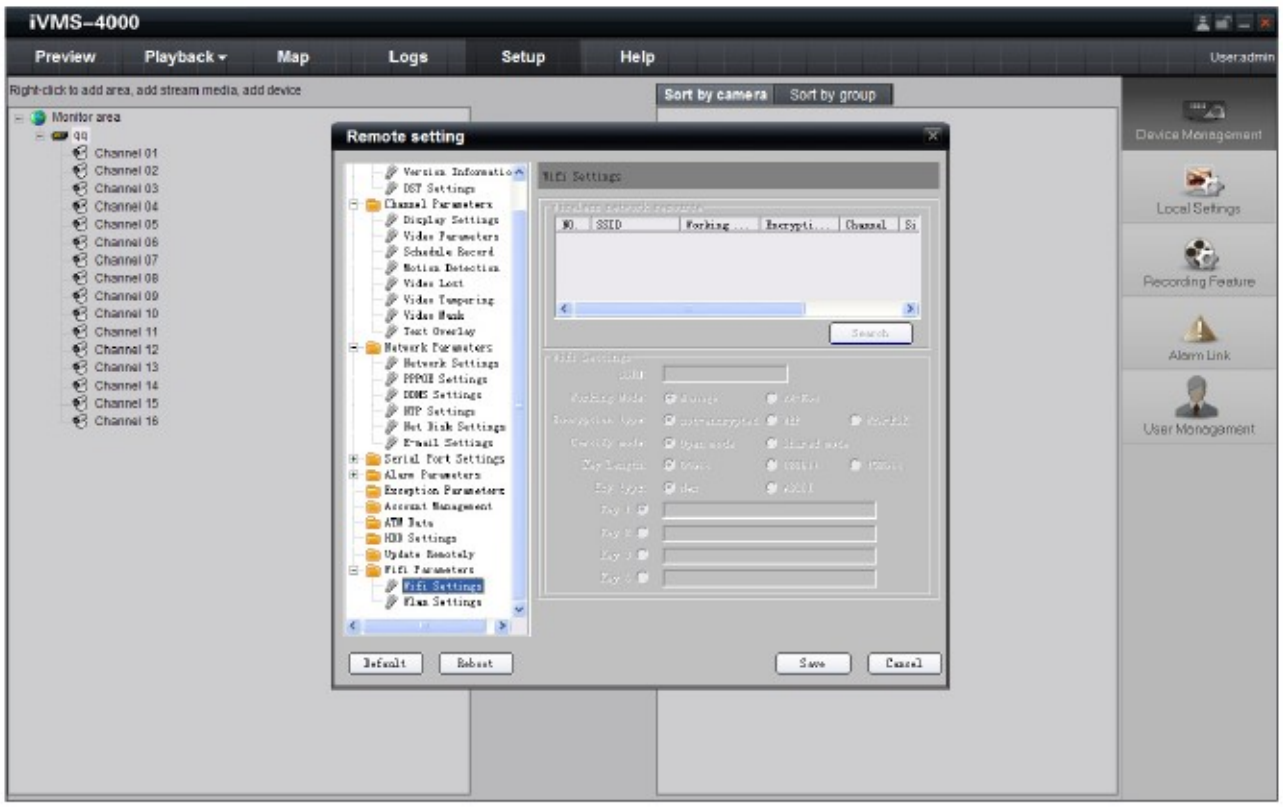


Figure 2.2.11 Client Software Wireless Configuration Interface

Chapter 3 Access over Internet

3.1 Access network camera with static IP

When there is a static IP from an ISP, open some ports (such as 80 and 8000 ports) in the router. Then a user can visit it through a web browser or client software via the internet. The steps for port forwarding are different for each model of router. Please call the router manufacturer for assistance with port forwarding or visit www.portforward.com.

Note: Refer to Appendix 2 for a detailed explanation about Port Map.

Users can directly connect the network camera to the internet without using a router.

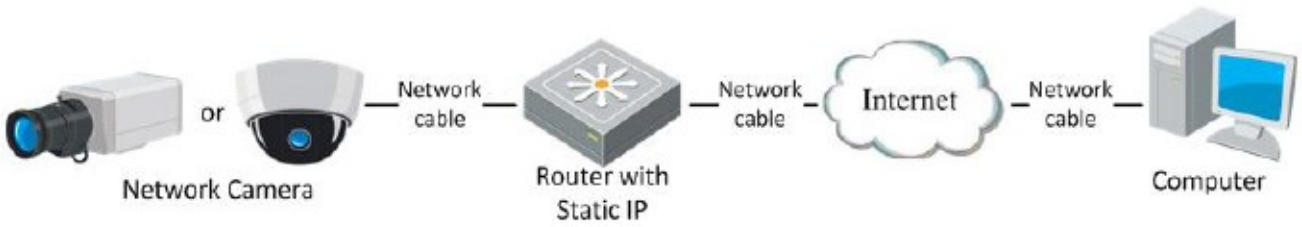


Figure 3.1.1 Access IPC through Router with Static IP

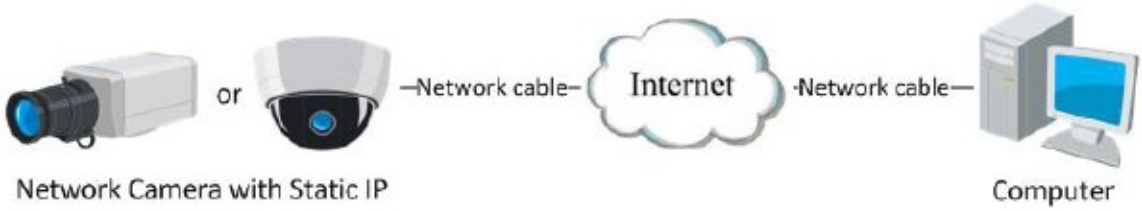


Figure3.1.2 Access IPC with Static IP directly

For the client software to view the camera, in the adding equipment column, select the normal model, and then fill in the IP info.

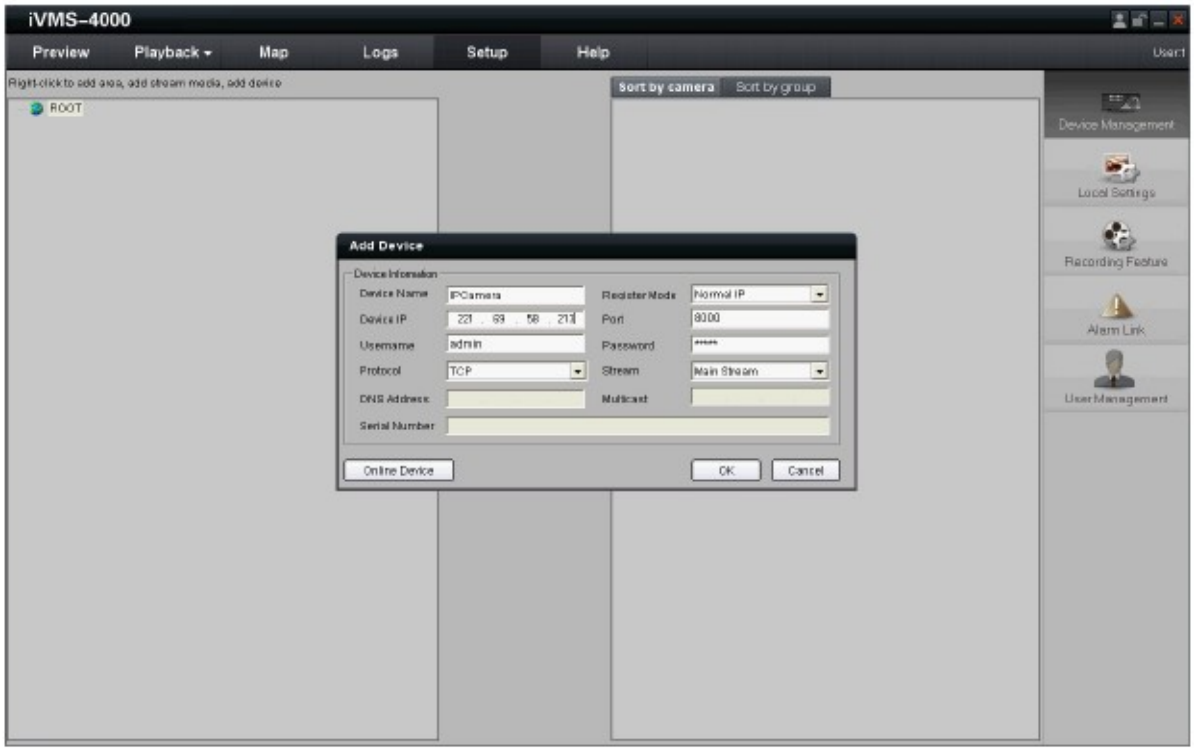


Figure 3.1.3 Selecting Normal IP

3.2 Access network camera with dynamic IP

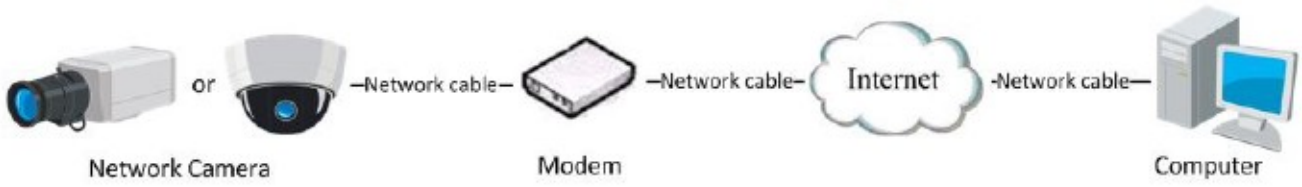


Figure 3.2.1 Access IPC through PPPoE Dial-up

This camera supports the PPPoE auto dial-up function. The camera will get a public IP address by ADSL dial-up after the camera is connected to a Modem; First, access to the network camera through local network, select “Configure”→”Right Click the Device”, “Remote Configuration”, and finally select “PPPoE Settings” under “Network Parameters” to fill in the PPPoE user name and password and confirm the password. Please restart the network camera after completion of configuration. Then the network camera can obtain a dynamic IP from an ISP operation business. However, the obtained IP address is dynamically assigned via PPPoE, so the IP address always changes accompanied with modem rebooting.

Figure 3.2.2PPPoE configuration Dialog box

It is inconvenient to view a network camera with a dynamic IP, therefore, users should register with a dynamic DNS provider. (Such as DynDns.com)

Domain name resolution contains normal domain name resolution and private domain name resolution. First, we will introduce normal domain name resolution.

1. **Normal Domain Name Resolution**

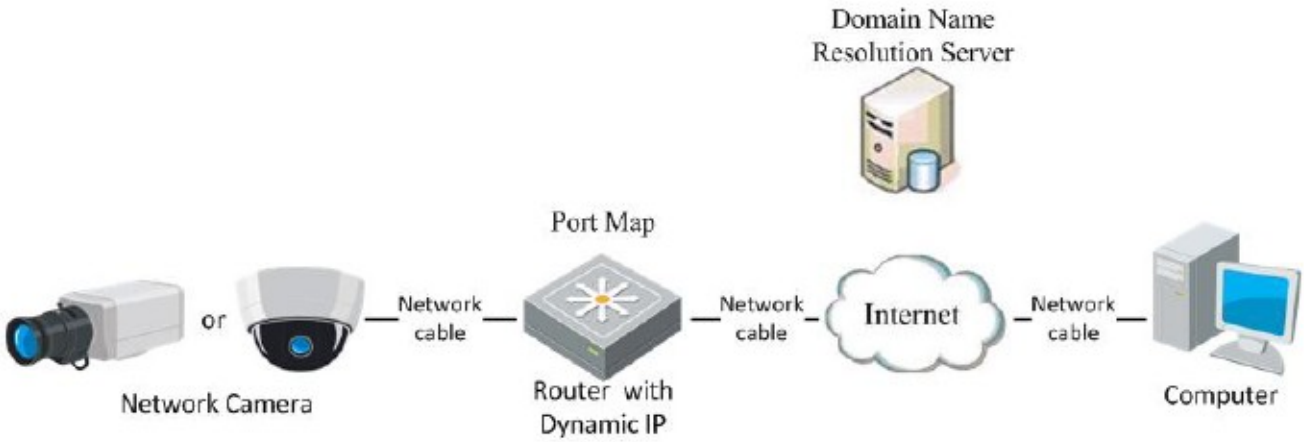


Figure 3.2.3 Normal Domain Name Resolution

Apply a domain name from a domain name provider, then view the camera via the applied domain name. If the camera connects to the internet via a router, users should port forward the router. Please refer to Appendix 2.

Input domain names in the client software or IE to view the network cameras. Take the client

software configuration as an example.

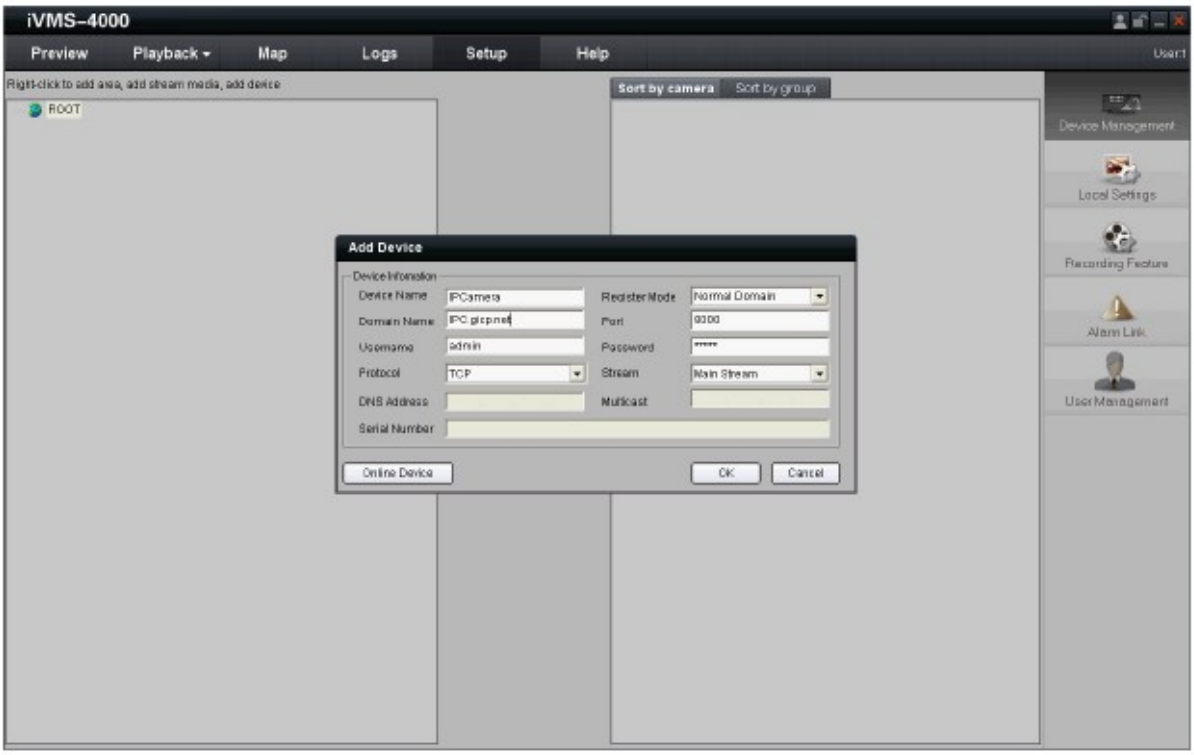


Figure 3.2.4 Selecting Normal Domain Mode

2. **Private Domain Name Resolution**

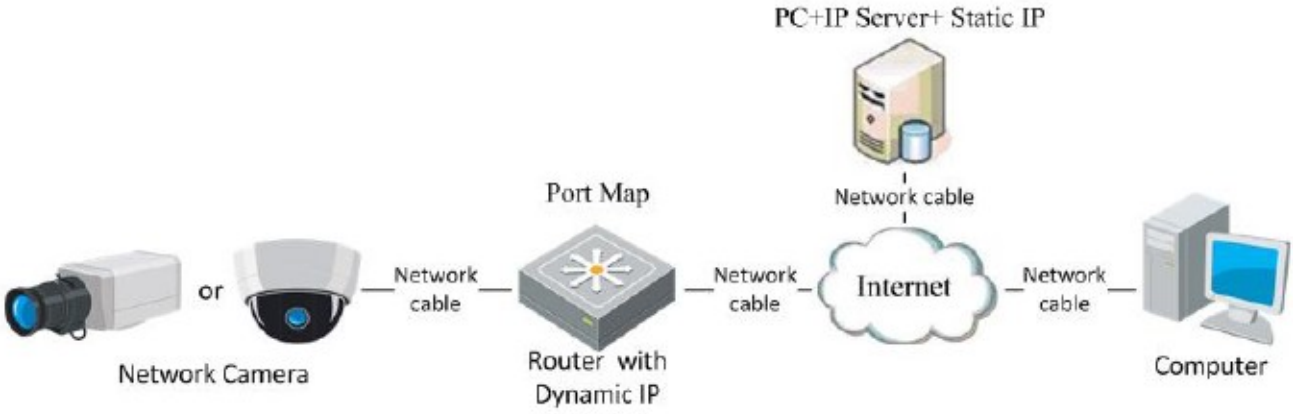


Figure 3.2.5 Private Domain Name Resolution

A PC with a static IP which is running the domain name resolution service is necessary.

When the network camera connects to the internet through PPPoE and obtains an IP address, it will send its name and IP address to the resolution server. When the client software connects to the network camera, it will connect to the resolution server and tell the resolution server the expected camera's name. And the server will find the camera from all the registered cameras and send its IP address to the client software. Once the client software gets the IP address, it can connect the network camera.

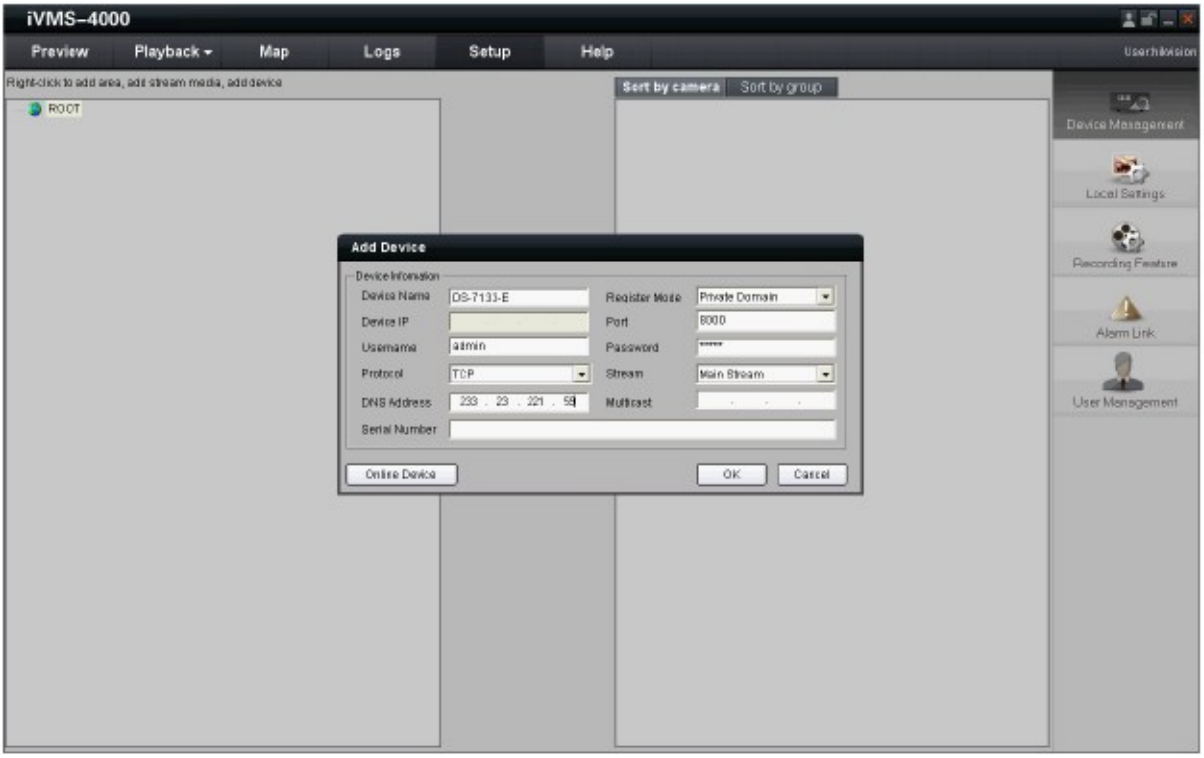


Figure 3.2.6 Selecting Private Domain Mode

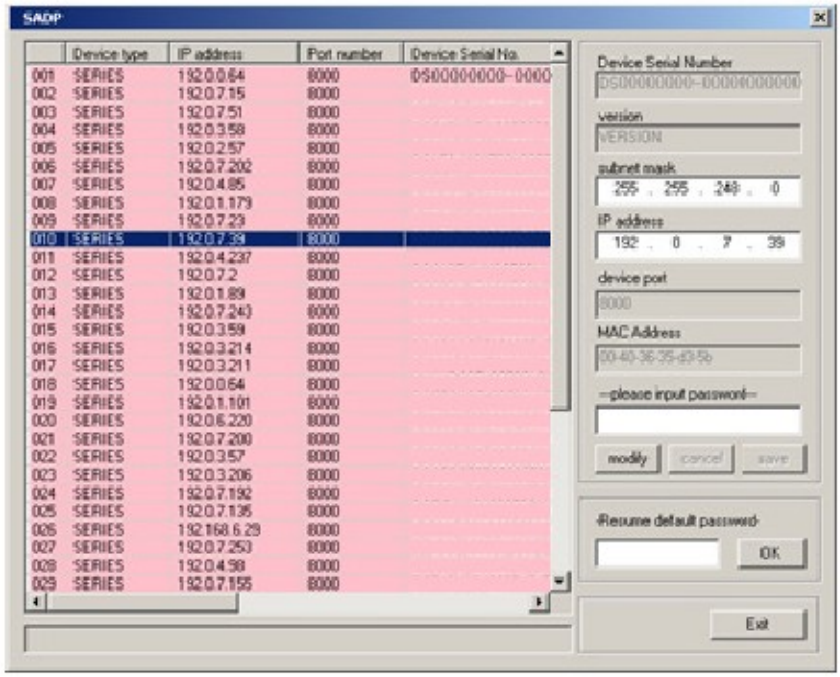
Appendix 1 SADP Introduction

1. Brief introduction

SADP (Search Active Devices Protocol) is a kind of software which can automatically search network speed dome in LAN. User can modify the IP address, subnet mask and port of the device without visiting IP address of the device. Additionally, password of the super user in this device can be recovered as default.
SADP software needs to support SADP, so we should install WinPcap at first, which is placed at the directory of SADP software.

2. Search active devices online

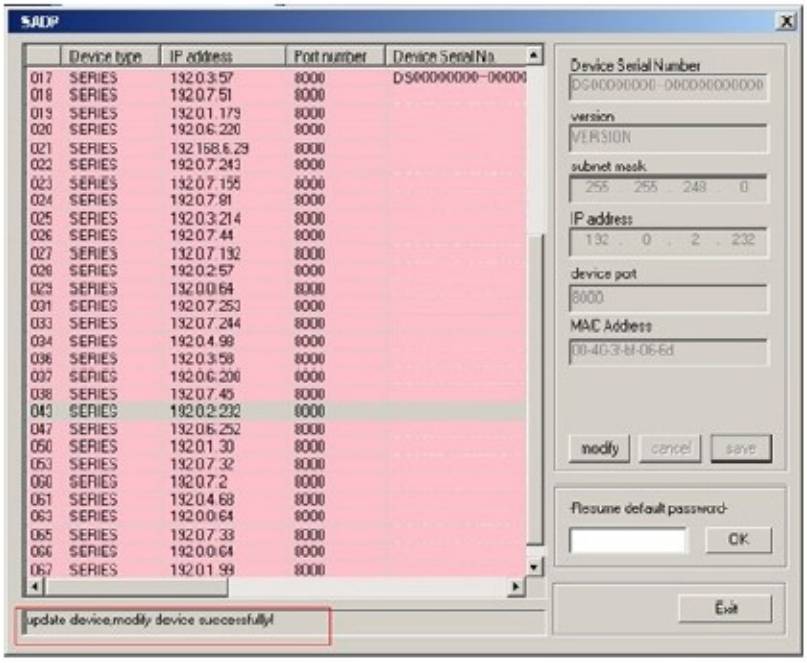
After installing WinPcap, double click sadpdlg.exe. The software will start to search active devices in LAN, and device type, IP address, Port number, Device Serial No., subnet mask, MAC address, the number of channels, main control and encoding version and device initiating time are showed in the list, as following:



3. Modify device information

Select the device that needs modification in the device list, then basic information of the device will be demonstrated in the information column on the right. Click “modify” button to activate IP address, subnet mask, device port editing and password validating box, as follows:
Select the device that needs modification in the device list, then basic information of the device will be demonstrated in the information column on the right. Click “modify” button to activate

IP address, subnet mask, device port editing and password validating box, as following:



Input new IP address, subnet mask, and port number, and click “save” button. If a dialog pops up, showing “saved successfully”, that means you have modified the configuration information; if “saving failed” turns up, click the “cancel” button to quit it.

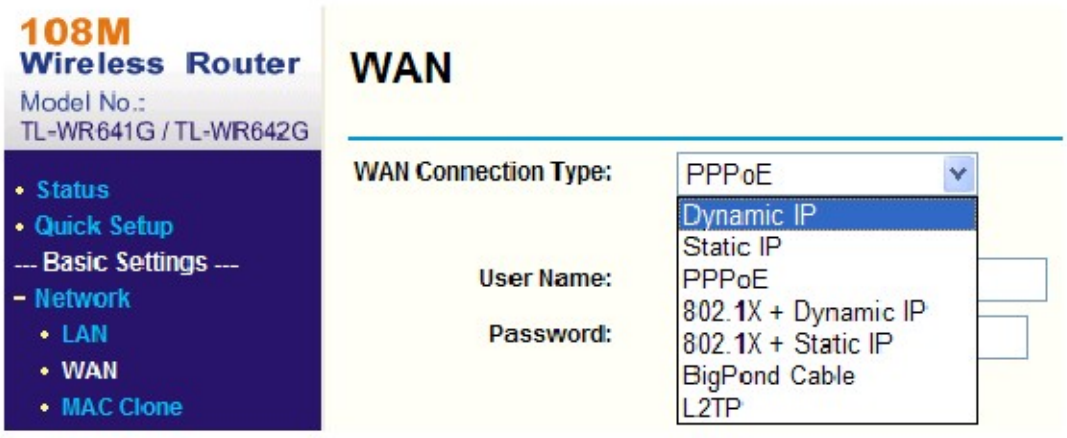
4. Recover default password

You can reset the password of the super user as “12345” in the case of a lost password.
Input certain validation code into the ‘Resume default password’ box, and click ‘OK’ to finish the administrator’s password initiating.

Appendix 2 Port Map

Note: The following setting is about TP-LINK router (TL-R410), which is maybe distinct from other router's setting.

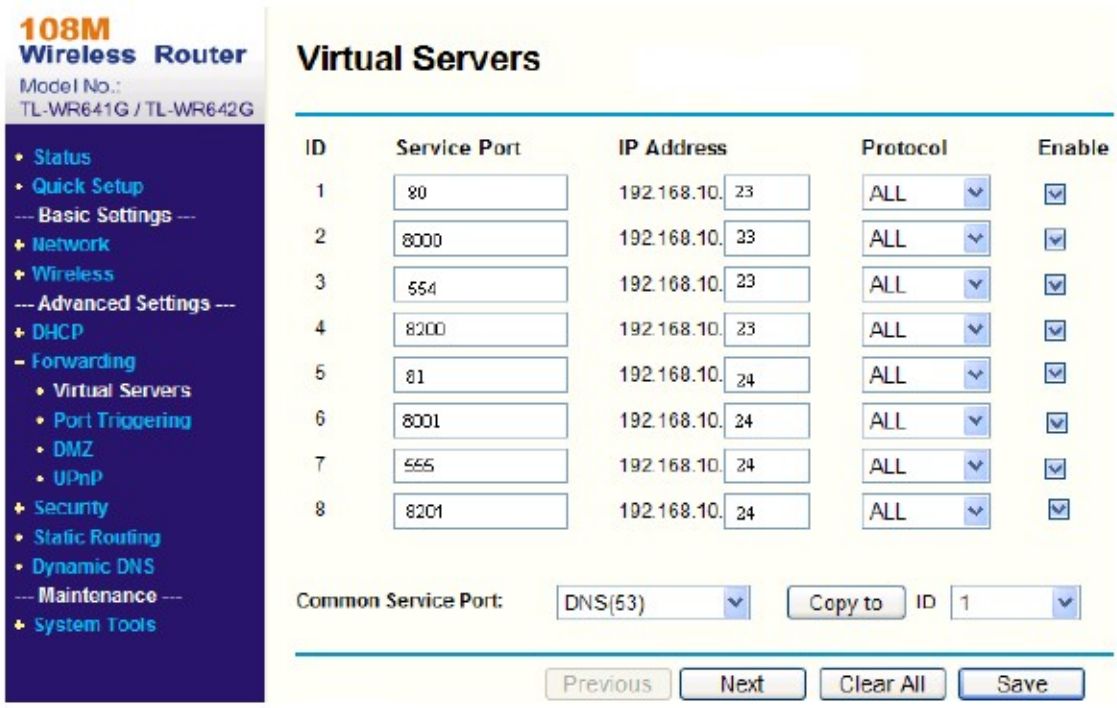
1. Firstly, select the router's WAN connection Type. As the following Figure shows:



2. Set the "network parameter" of the router as the below figure. The setting includes subnet mask and gateway.

3. Set the port map in the virtual severs of Forwarding. By default, camera uses port 80, 8000, 554 and 8200. You can change these ports value with IE or client software.

The following figure gives the illustration. One camera's ports are 80, 8000, 554, 8200 and its IP address is 192.168.1.23. The other camera's ports are 81, 8001, 555, 8201 and IP is 192.168.1.24. Afterwards, enable all or TCP protocols. Enable the port map after pressing the 'Save'.

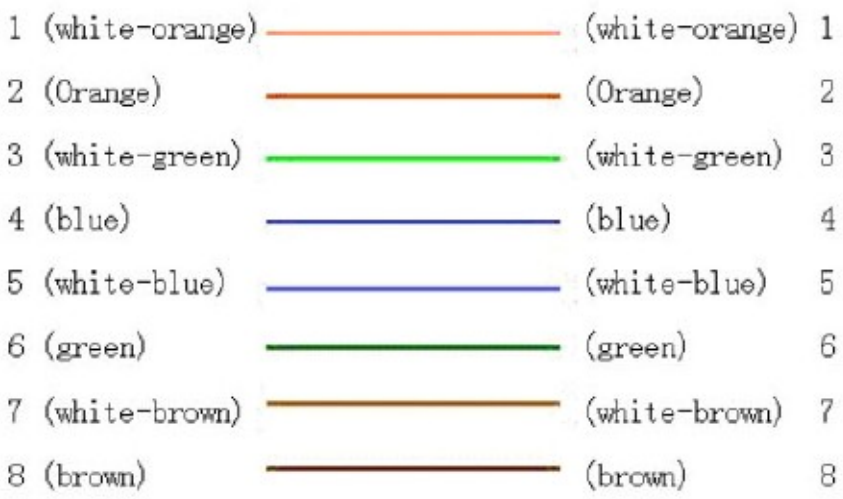


As the settings mentioned above, map the router's port 80 and 8000 to the network camera at 192.168.1.23; and port 81 and 8001 to the network camera at 192.168.1.24. In this way, user can access the 192.168.1.23 through accessing the router's port 80 and 8000.

Note: The port of the network camera cannot conflict with other ports. For example, some router's web management port is 80. User can amend the router's or the camera's port to solve this problem.

Appendix 3 Pin Definition

(1)UTP between the network port of camera and HUB (Direct Cable)



(2)UTP between the network port of camera and PC (Cross Cable):